## Statistics Worksheet: Variance and Standard Deviation

 Calculate the sample variance and the sample standard deviation for the following set of scores: 1, 1, 0, 4. Note that these data have a SS of 9.

Steps:

- To find the variance, recall that the equation is  $s^2 = \frac{ss}{n-1}$
- We already know that SS = 9 and n = 4.

$$s^2 = \frac{SS}{n-1} = \frac{9}{4-1} = \frac{9}{3} = 3$$

• To find the standard deviation, recall that the equation is  $s = \sqrt{\frac{ss}{n-1}}$  or  $\sqrt{s^2}$ 

$$s = \sqrt{3} = 1.7320508$$

- If we round to the second decimal place then s = 1.73
- 2. A set of scores (n = 10) has a SS = 90. What is the sample variance and sample standard deviation?

Steps:

- To find the variance, recall that the equation is  $s^2 = \frac{ss}{n-1}$
- We already know that SS = 90 and n = 10.

$$s^2 = \frac{SS}{n-1} = \frac{90}{10-1} = \frac{90}{9} = 10$$

• To find the standard deviation, recall that the equation is  $s = \sqrt{\frac{ss}{n-1}}$  or  $\sqrt{s^2}$ 

$$s = \sqrt{10} = 3.1622776$$

- If we round to the second decimal place then s = 3.16
- 3. If the sample standard deviation of a set of scores (n = 6) is 3, what is the SS and the  $S^2$ ?
  - To find the variance when given the standard deviation, recall that the equation for a sample standard deviation is √<sup>SS</sup>/<sub>n-1</sub> or √S<sup>2</sup>
  - Thus, we can find the variance by raising 3 to the second power, or, squaring it.  $s^2 = 3^2 = 9$
  - To find SS, recall that the equation for sample variance is  $S^2 = \frac{SS}{n-1}$

$$9 = \frac{SS}{6-1}$$
  $9 = \frac{SS}{5}$   $9 \times 5 = SS$   $45 = SS$